



III WORKSHOP OF INSTITUTE OF BIOENERGY RESEARCH **IPBEN GUARATINGUETÁ**



BIOENERGY, RENEWABLE ENERGY AND GREEN BUILDINGS

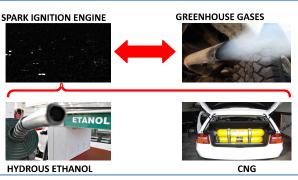
A study of emissions from S.I engine fueled with concomitant injection of ethanol and CNG

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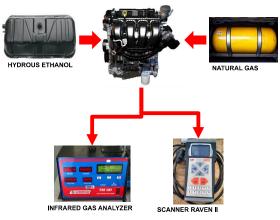
OBJECTIVE

To evaluate the emission of exhaust gases especially carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO), hydrocarbons (HC) and nitrous oxides (NOx) derived from a vehicle with flex engine by reference to natural gas, a concomitant injection of hydrated ethanol.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

The experiments were performed in a sedan vehicle equipped with a flex fuel engine 2.0 of 2009. The vehicle was fitted with a natural gas rig relaying electronic injection , comprising a high-pressure cylinder (200 bar) with cylinder valve having a security system , high pressure tubing, supply valve central command key selector fuel, natural gas injectors operating at 2 atm. low pressure pipe.

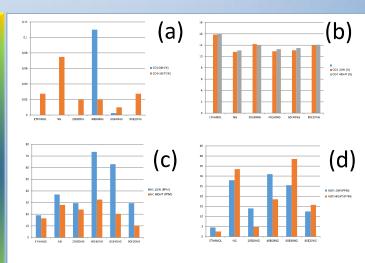
FLEX FUEL ENGINE 2.0 (2009)



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The addition of hydrated ethanol to the natural gas allowed combustion with lower concentrations of CO2, CO and HC, however the NOx emissions increased. This can be attributed to the mass of O2 present in the hydrous ethanol formulation.

- The use of the concomitant injection of hydrated ethanol and natural gas in flex model vehicles proved feasible for the reduction of CO, CO2, HC and NOx emissions.
- Concomitant injection of hydrated ethanol and natural gas can be a solution to reduce emissions from exhaust gases from vehicles in large urban centers
- The E20NG80 blend is the one that best meets the environmental aspect.

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